

## 8.2 Overview reversible ideal processes

<b>Isothermal</b>	$dT = 0$	ideal	
Energy	$dU = \delta q + \delta w$	$U = U(T) \Rightarrow dU = 0$	$\Delta U = 0$
Work	$\delta w = -p dV$	$\delta w = -\frac{nRT}{V} dV$	$w = -nRT \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$
Heat	$\delta q = -\delta w$		$q = nRT \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$
Enthalpy	$dH = d(U + pV)$ $= d(pV)$	$d(pV) = d(nRT) = 0$	$\Delta H = 0$
Entropy	$dS = \frac{\delta q_{\text{rev}}}{T} = -\frac{\delta w}{T}$		$\Delta S = nR \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$
<b>Isochoric</b>	$dV = 0$		
Work	$\delta w = -p dV = 0$		$w = 0$
Heat	$\delta q = C_V dT$		$q = C_V \Delta T$
Energy	$dU = \delta q + \delta w$ $= \delta q = dq$		$\Delta U = C_V \Delta T$
Enthalpy	$dH = d(U + pV)$ $= C_V dT + d(pV)$	$d(pV) = d(nRT)$ $C_p = C_V + nR$	$\Delta H = C_p \Delta T$
Entropy	$dS = \frac{\delta q_{\text{rev}}}{T} = \frac{C_V}{T} dT$		$\Delta S = C_V \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i}$
<b>Isobaric</b>	$dp = 0$		
Work	$\delta w = -p dV$		$w = -p \Delta V$
Heat	$\delta q = C_p dT = dq$		$q = C_p \Delta T$
Enthalpy	$dH = \delta q + \delta w + p dV$ $= \delta q = dq$		$\Delta H = C_p \Delta T$
Energy	$dU = d(H - pV)$ $= C_p dT + d(pV)$	$d(pV) = d(nRT)$ $C_V = C_p - nR$	$\Delta U = C_p \Delta T$
Entropy	$dS = \frac{\delta q_{\text{rev}}}{T} = \frac{C_p}{T} dT$		$\Delta S = C_p \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i}$
<b>Adiabatic</b>	$\delta q = 0$		
		$pV^\gamma = \text{const}$	
Heat	$\delta q = 0$		$q = 0$
Entropy	$dS = 0$		$\Delta S = 0$
Work	$\delta w = -p dV$	$\delta w = -p_i \left(\frac{V_i}{V}\right)^\gamma dV$ $\Delta(pV) = nR \Delta T$	$w = C_V \Delta T$
Energy	$dU = \delta w = dw$		$\Delta U = C_V \Delta T$
Enthalpy	$dH = V dp$	$V dp = V_0 \left(\frac{p_0}{p}\right)^\frac{1}{\gamma} dp$	$\Delta H = C_p \Delta T$